## **CLAIMS**

A method of manufacturing a ceramic coated fiber, comprising:
 heat treating an activated carbon coated fiber containing a ceramic
 precursor, to form a ceramic coated fiber.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein the heat treating comprises: a first heating at a temperature of at least 250 °C, to cure the precursor, and

a second heating, in an oxidizing atmosphere, at a temperature of at least 400 °C, to remove the carbon.

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- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the first heating is in an inert atmosphere.
- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein the ceramic comprises TiO<sub>2</sub> and/or TiON having an anatase structure.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the ceramic precursor further comprises a nitrogen or sulfur dopant.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the nitrogen source is tetramethylammonium hydroxide.
- 7. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
  contacting the ceramic coated fiber with a compound containing
  silver; and
  a third heating of the ceramic coated fiber.
- 8. The method of claim 2, further comprising:
  contacting the ceramic coated fiber with a compound containing palladium;

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a third heating of the ceramic coated fiber; and

a fourth heating of the ceramic coated fiber in an atmosphere comprising  $H_2$ .

9. The method of claim 2, wherein the ceramic comprises crystalline ceramic and has a BET surface area of at least 50 m<sup>2</sup>/g.

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- 10. The method of claim 2, wherein the ceramic comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, TiON, TiOS, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, and MgO.
- 11. A ceramic coated fiber manufactured according to the method of claim 1.

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- 12. A ceramic coated fiber manufactured according to the method of claim 2.
- 13. A method for producing radical species, comprising illuminating the fiber of claim 12,

wherein the ceramic comprises TiO<sub>2</sub> and/or TiON having an anatase structure.

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14. A method for purifying and disinfecting air or water, comprising contacting the air or water with the fiber of claim 12 and illuminating the fiber, wherein the ceramic comprises TiO<sub>2</sub> and/or TiON having an anatase structure.

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- 15. A photochemical reactor comprising the fiber of claim 12, wherein the ceramic comprises TiO<sub>2</sub> and/or TiON having an anatase structure.
  - 16. A ceramic coated fiber, comprising:
    - (a) a fiber, and

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(b) ceramic, coated on the fiber, wherein the ceramic has a BET surface area of at least 60 m<sup>2</sup>/g, and

the ceramic comprises crystalline ceramic.

17. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 16, wherein the ceramic comprises TiO<sub>2</sub> and/or TiON having an anatase structure.

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- 18. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 16, wherein the ceramic comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of TiO<sub>2</sub>, TiON, TiOS, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, and MgO.
- 19. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 16, wherein the ceramic has a B.E.T. surface area of 60 m<sup>2</sup>/g to 300 m<sup>2</sup>/g.
- 20. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 16, wherein the ceramic comprises 10 to 90% by weight of the ceramic coated fibers.
- 21. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 16, further comprising silver and/or palladium.
- 22. A method for producing radical species, comprising illuminating the fiber of claim 17.
- 23. A method for purifying and disinfecting air or water, comprising contacting the air or water with the fiber of claim 17, and illuminating the fiber.
  - 24. A photochemical reactor comprising the fiber of claim 17.
- 25. A method for manufacturing an intermediate for the fabrication of ceramic coated fibers, comprising heating an activated carbon coated fiber containing a ceramic precursor, to cure the precursor.
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein the heating is in an inert atmosphere.
- 27. An intermediate for the fabrication of ceramic coated fibers manufactured according to the method of claim 25.

- 28. A ceramic coated fiber, comprising:
  - (a) a fiber, and

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- (b) ceramic, coated on the fiber, wherein the ceramic has a BET surface area of at least 50 m²/g, and the ceramic comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, and MgO.
- 29. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 28, wherein the ceramic has a B.E.T. surface area of  $60 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$  to  $300 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ .
- 30. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 28, wherein the ceramic comprises 10 to 90% by weight of the ceramic coated fibers.
- 31. The ceramic coated fiber of claim 28, further comprising silver and/or palladium.